

CORRECTION

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Correction to: What has been the progress in addressing financial risk in Uganda? Analysis of catastrophe and impoverishment due to health payments

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Following publication of the original article [1], the authors identified some errors in Table 5 and Table 6. The correct tables are given below.

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1. Kwesiga, et al. *BMC Health Serv Res.* 2020;20:741.

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Table 5 Impoverishment indicators at \$1.91 per day poverty line –PPP

	Pre-payment poverty (%) (A)	Post-payment poverty (%) (B)	Absolute difference (%) (B-A)
2005/06 (PPP = 513.9492)			
Poverty headcount	51.8	57.02	5.2
Normalized mean positive poverty gap	35.2	37.0	
2009/10 (PPP = 741.3262)			
Poverty headcount	46.3	50.8	4.5
Normalized mean positive poverty gap	33.39	34.9	
2012/13 (PPP = 1043.083)			
Poverty headcount	64.0	67.2	3.2
Normalized mean positive poverty gap	39.4	40.2	
2016/17 (PPP = 1161.989)			
Poverty headcount	49.0	51.7	2.7
Normalized mean positive poverty gap	16.7	18.1	

Source: Authors' computation based on the UNHS 2005–2017 data

Table 6 Impoverishment indicators (Uganda's national poverty line)

	Pre-payment poverty (%) (A)	Post-payment poverty (%) (B)	Absolute difference (%) (B-A)
2005/06			
Poverty headcount	31.1	35.6	4.6
Normalized mean positive poverty gap	35.2	37.0	
2009/10			
Poverty headcount	23.2	27.2	4.0
Normalized mean positive poverty gap	27.6	28.3	
2012/13			
Poverty headcount	19.7	21.7	2.0
Normalized mean positive poverty gap	26.4	26.7	
2016/17			
Poverty headcount	21.5	24.1	2.5
Normalized mean positive poverty gap	5.3	6.0	

Source: Authors' computation based on the UNHS 2005–2017 data